

# Are There Meaningful Differences Among FDA- Approved Drug-Eluting Stents?

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# Disclosure Statement of Financial Interest

## Consulting Fees/Honoraria

- Abbott
- Biosensor
- Biotronik
- Boston Scientific
- Johnson&Johnson
- Medtronic

# Are There Meaningful Differences Among FDA-Approved Drug-Eluting Stents

DES Efficacy

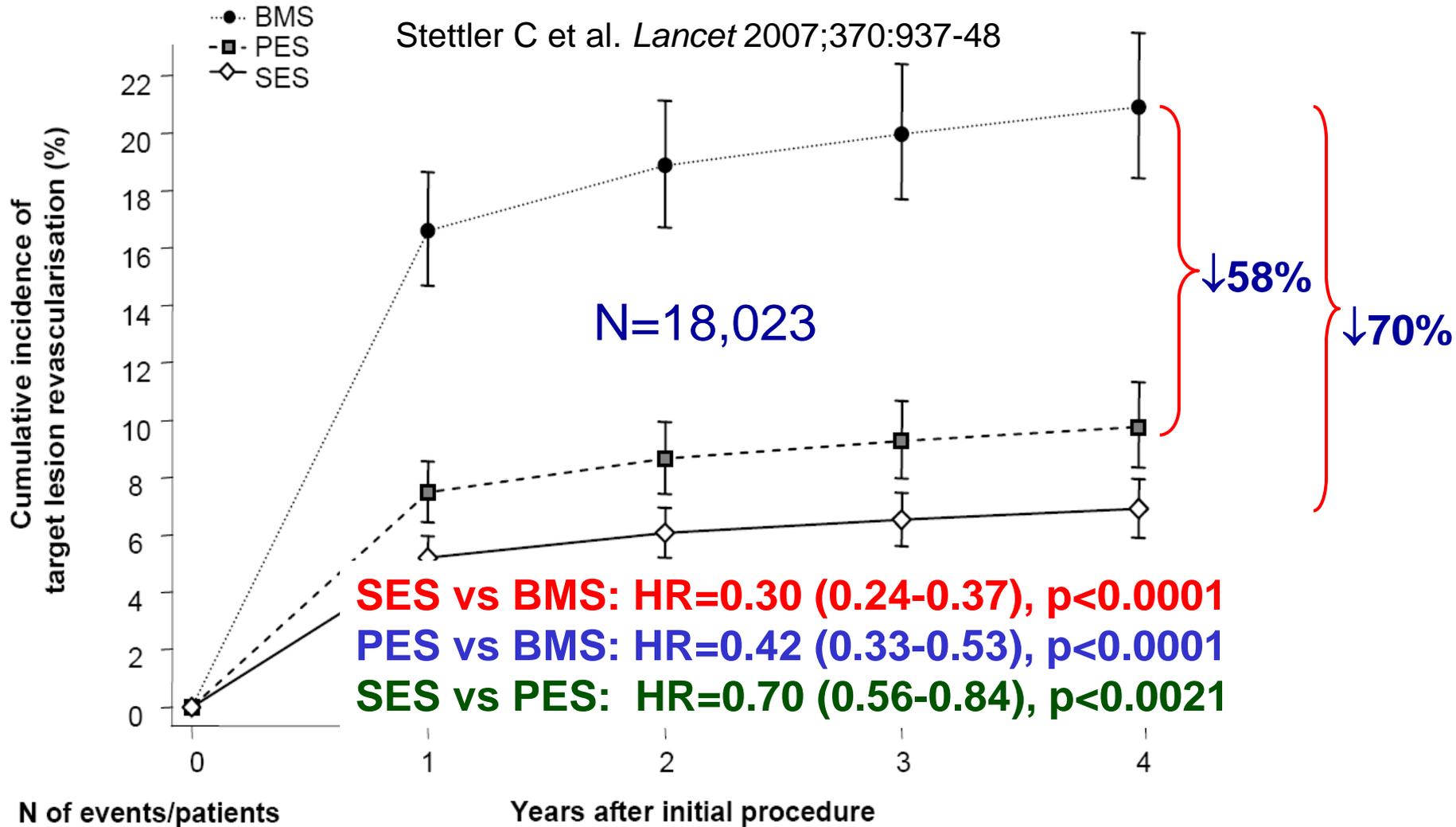
DES Safety

- Ischemic endpoints
- Stent thrombosis
- Endothelial function

# Target Lesion Revascularization

## SES vs PES vs BMS

Stettler C et al. *Lancet* 2007;370:937-48



N of events/patients

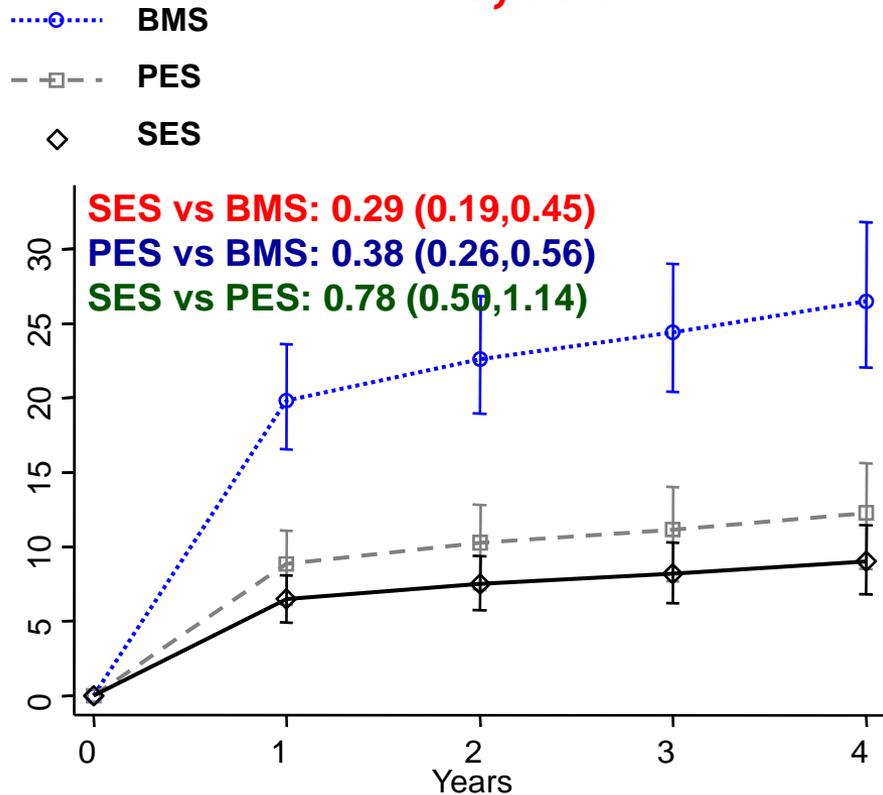
Years after initial procedure

BMS	4763	820/4746	53/2795	22/1871	10/1543
PES	6328	448/6280	98/3950	15/1999	6/832
SES	6621	356/6580	68/3801	16/2153	14/999

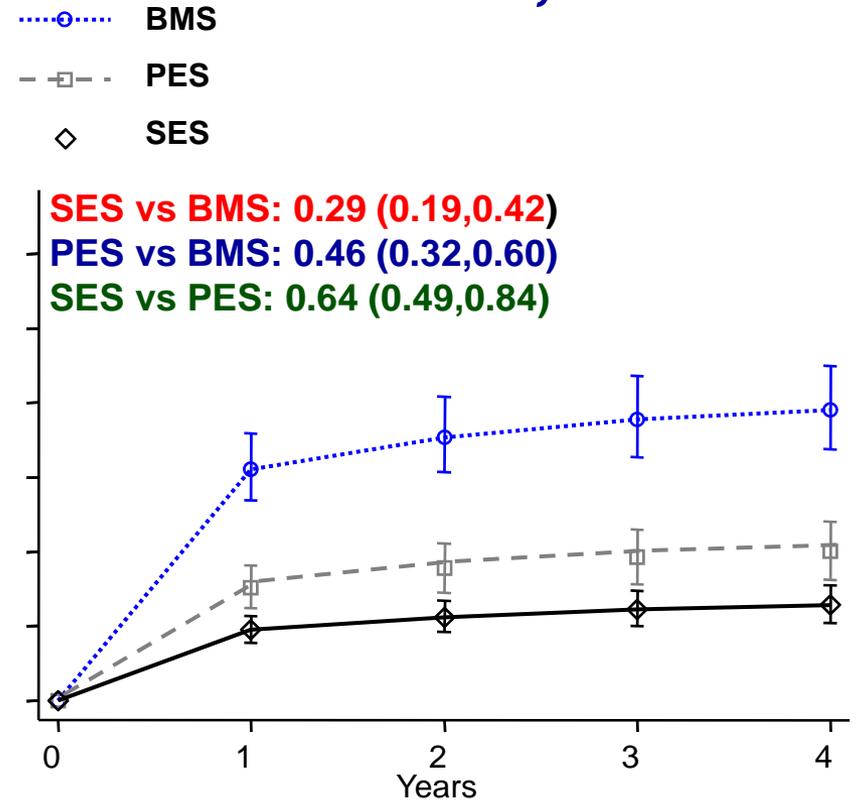
# Target Lesion Revascularization SES vs PES vs BMS

Stettler C et al. *Brit Med J* 2008

## Diabetic Patients N=3,853



## Non-Diabetic Patients N=10,947



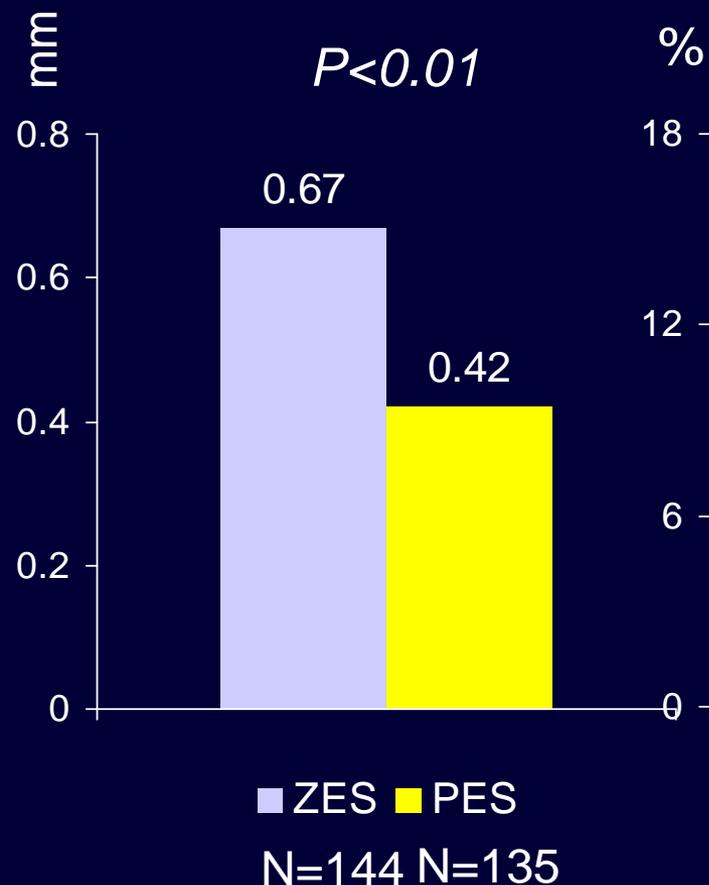
<b>BMS</b>	1228	1228	667	451	348
<b>PES</b>	1161	1161	942	486	146
<b>SES</b>	1373	1373	947	606	219

	3384	3384	2128	1420	1195
	3466	3466	2776	1477	660
	3505	3505	2614	1512	753

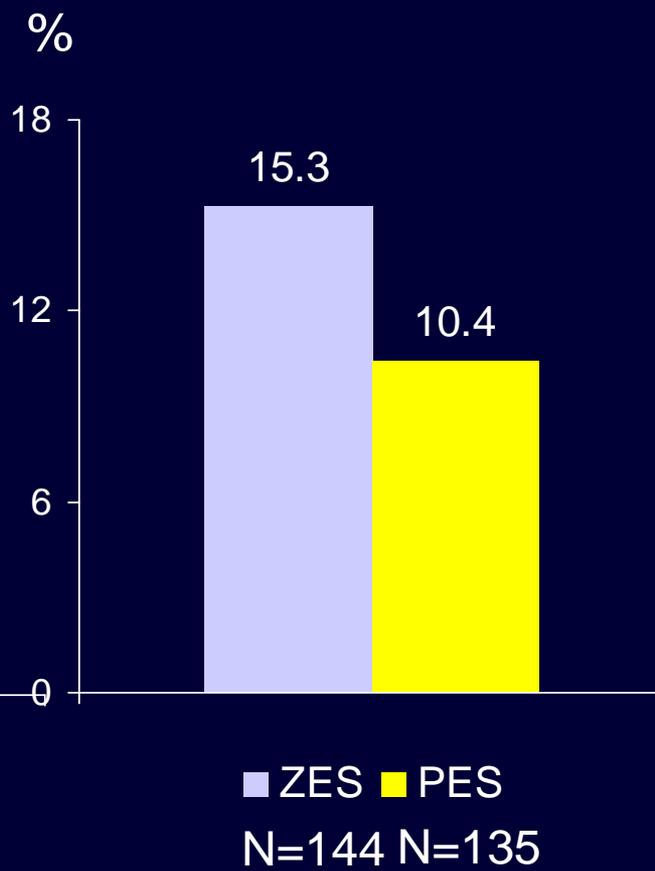
# ENDEAVOR IV – Randomized Comparison Between Zotarolimus- and Paclitaxel-Eluting Stent

Leon M et al. TCT 2007

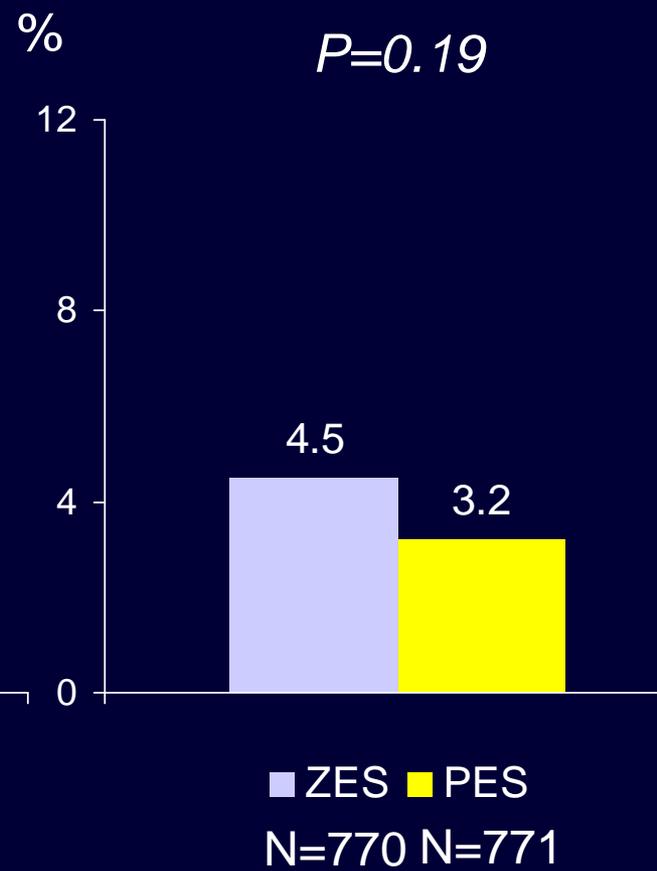
**Late Loss  
@ 8 Months**



**Restenosis  
@ 8 Months**



**TLR  
@ 1 Year**



# Zotarolimus-Eluting Stent (Endeavor)

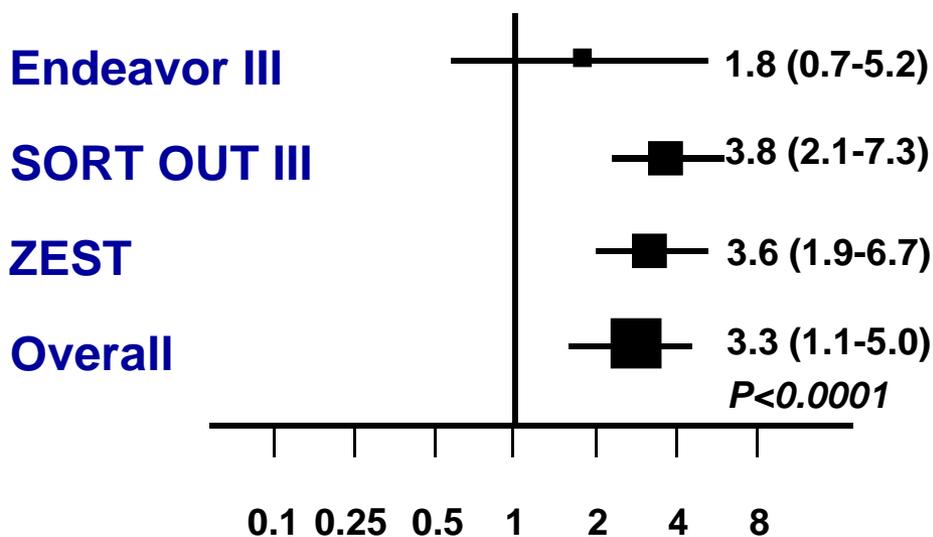
## Target Lesion Revascularization @ 9-12 Mo

### ZES versus SES

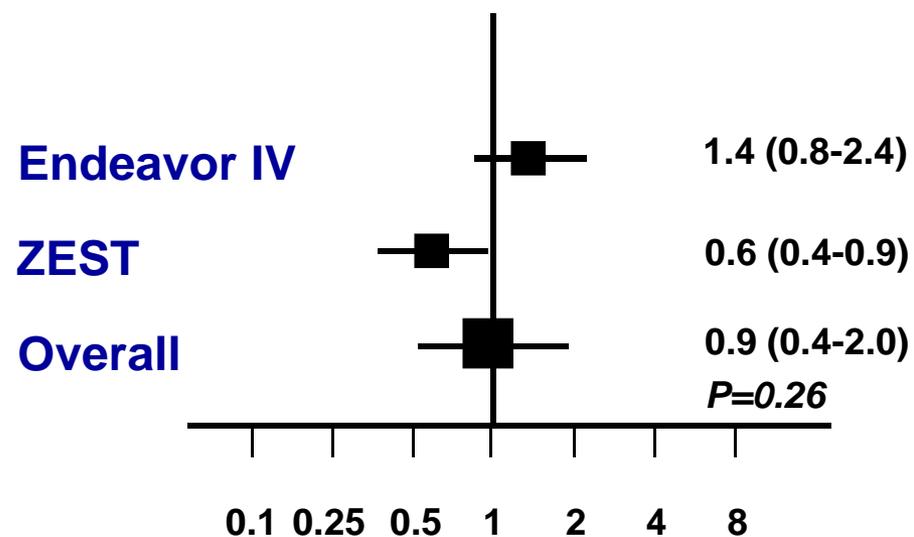
### ZES versus PES

Relative Risk (95% CI)

Relative Risk (95% CI)



Favors ZES    Favors SES



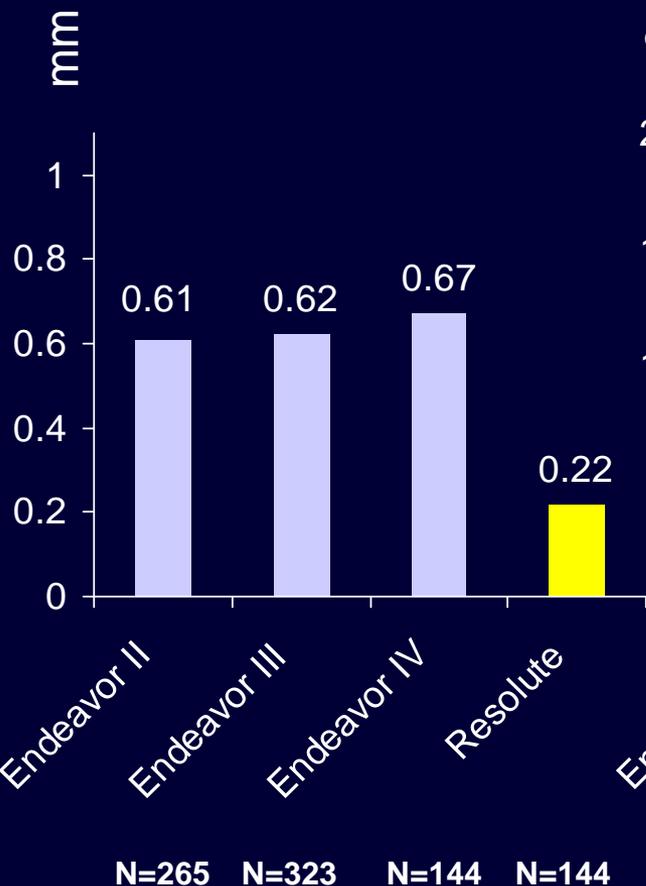
Favors ZES    Favors PES

# Zotarolimus-Eluting Stent

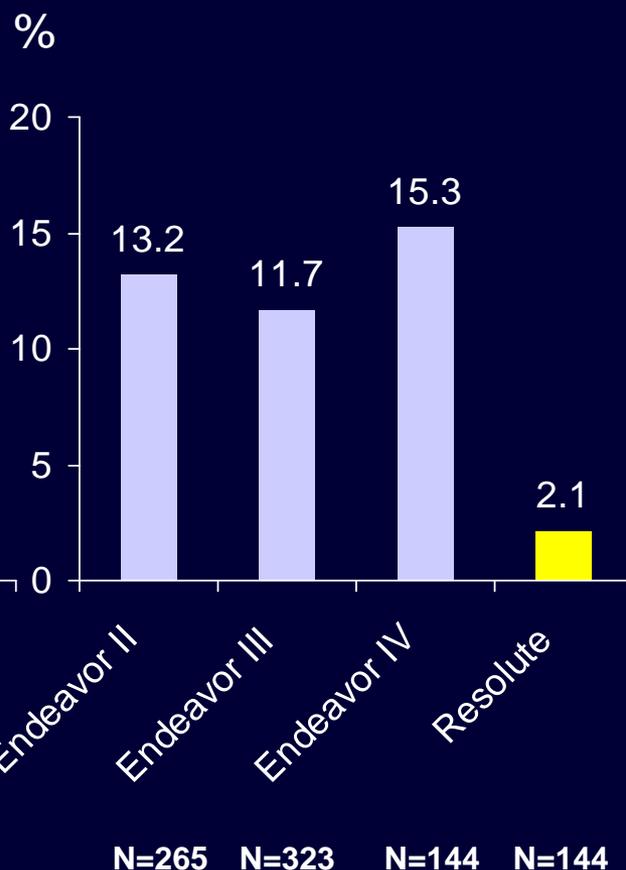
## ENDEAVOR and RESOLUTE

Endeavor II Fajadet J et al. *Circulation* 2006;114:798-806; Meredith I et al. TCT 2007  
Kandzari D et al. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2006;48:2440-7; Leon M et al. TCT 2007

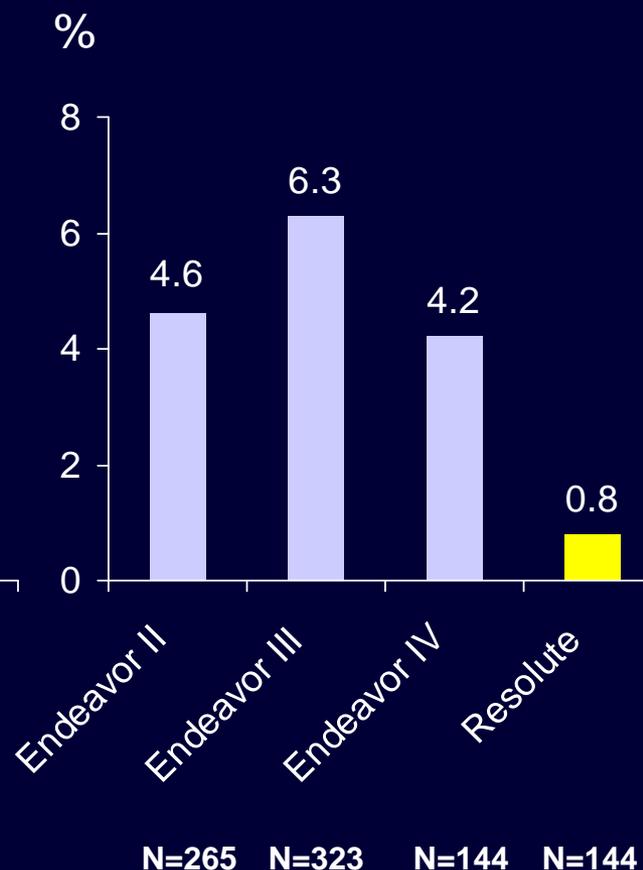
### Late Loss (In-stent)



### Restenosis (In-Segment)



### Target Lesion Revascularization

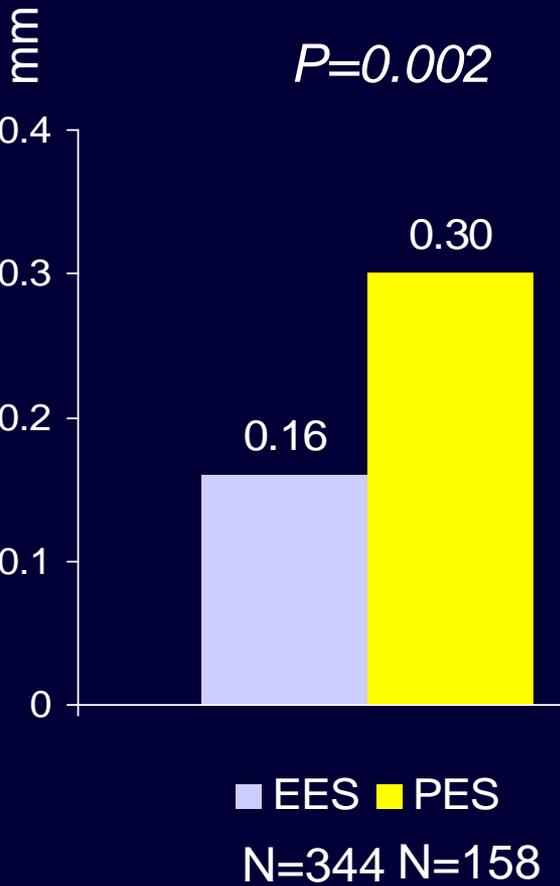


# SPIRIT III - Randomized Comparison

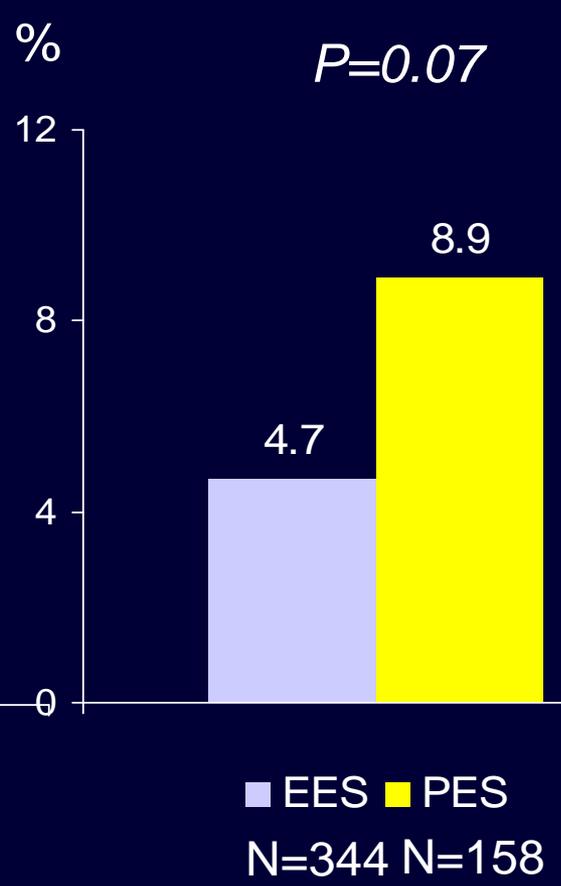
## Between Everolimus- and Paclitaxel-Eluting Stent

Stone G et al. *JAMA* 2008;299:1903-13

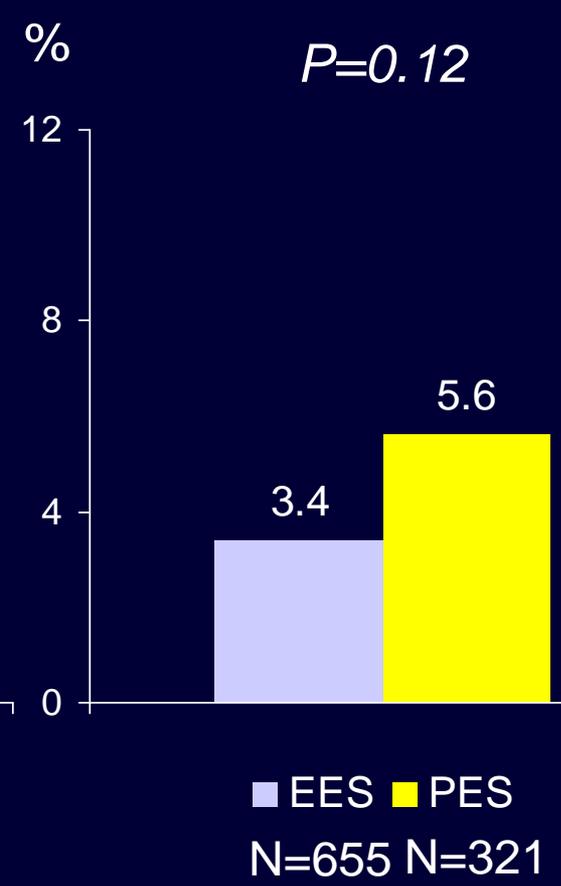
### Late Loss @ 8 Months



### Restenosis @ 8 Months



### MACE @ 1 Year



# Comparison of Everolimus-Eluting and Paclitaxel-Eluting Stents

## **Meta-Analysis of SPIRIT II and III**

Windecker, Juni. *Circulation* 2009;119:653-6

### **Target Lesion Revascularization up to 2 Years**

Clinically indicated TLR

Year 1

Year 2

Overall

0.51 (0.26, 0.97)

0.78 (0.28, 2.14)

0.61 (0.38, 0.99)

0.125

0.25

0.5

1

2

4

8

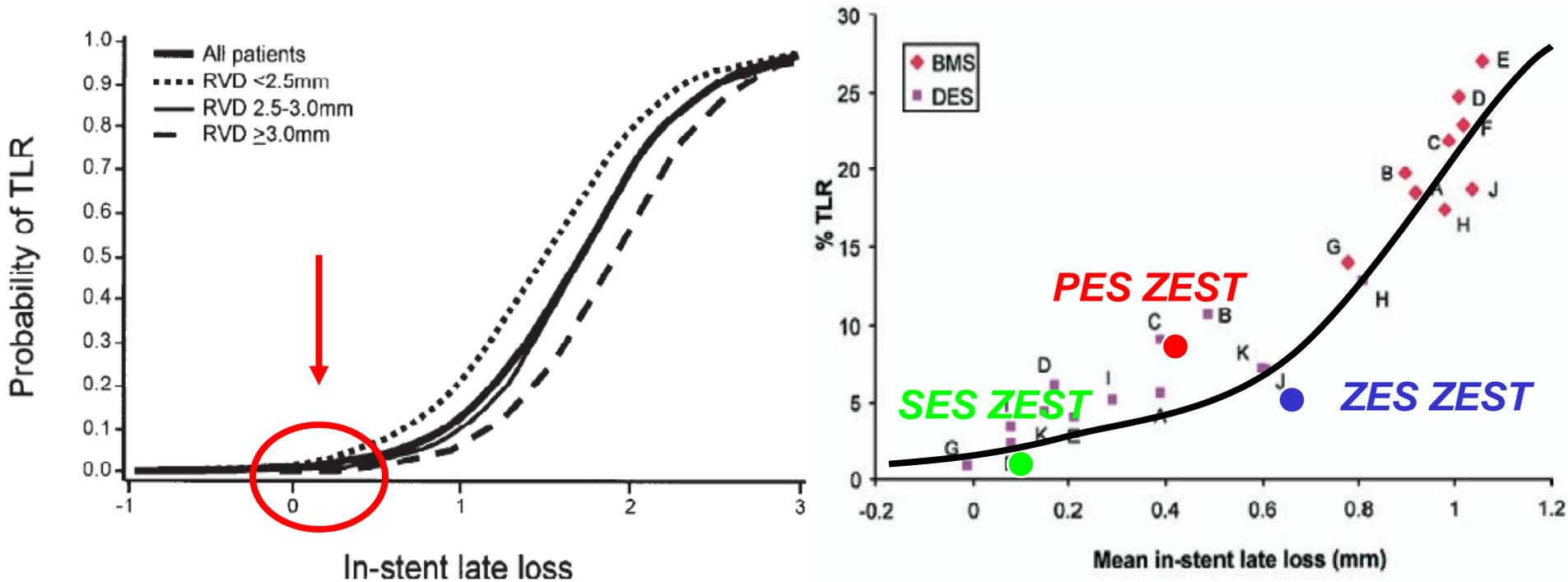
**Favors Everolimus  
Eluting Stent**

**Favors Paclitaxel  
Eluting Stent**

# Late Loss vs. TLR Relationship

Pocock S et al. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2008;51:23-32

**11 RCTs (N=5,381 pts) comparing SES, PES, ZES and BMS**



# There Are Meaningful Differences Among FDA-Approved Drug-Eluting Stents !

- ***Efficacy***

- SES more effective than PES
- SES more effective than ZES (Endeavor)
- ZES (Endeavor) as effective as PES
- EES more effective than PES
- EES versus SES?

# Are There Meaningful Differences Among FDA-Approved Drug-Eluting Stents

DES Efficacy

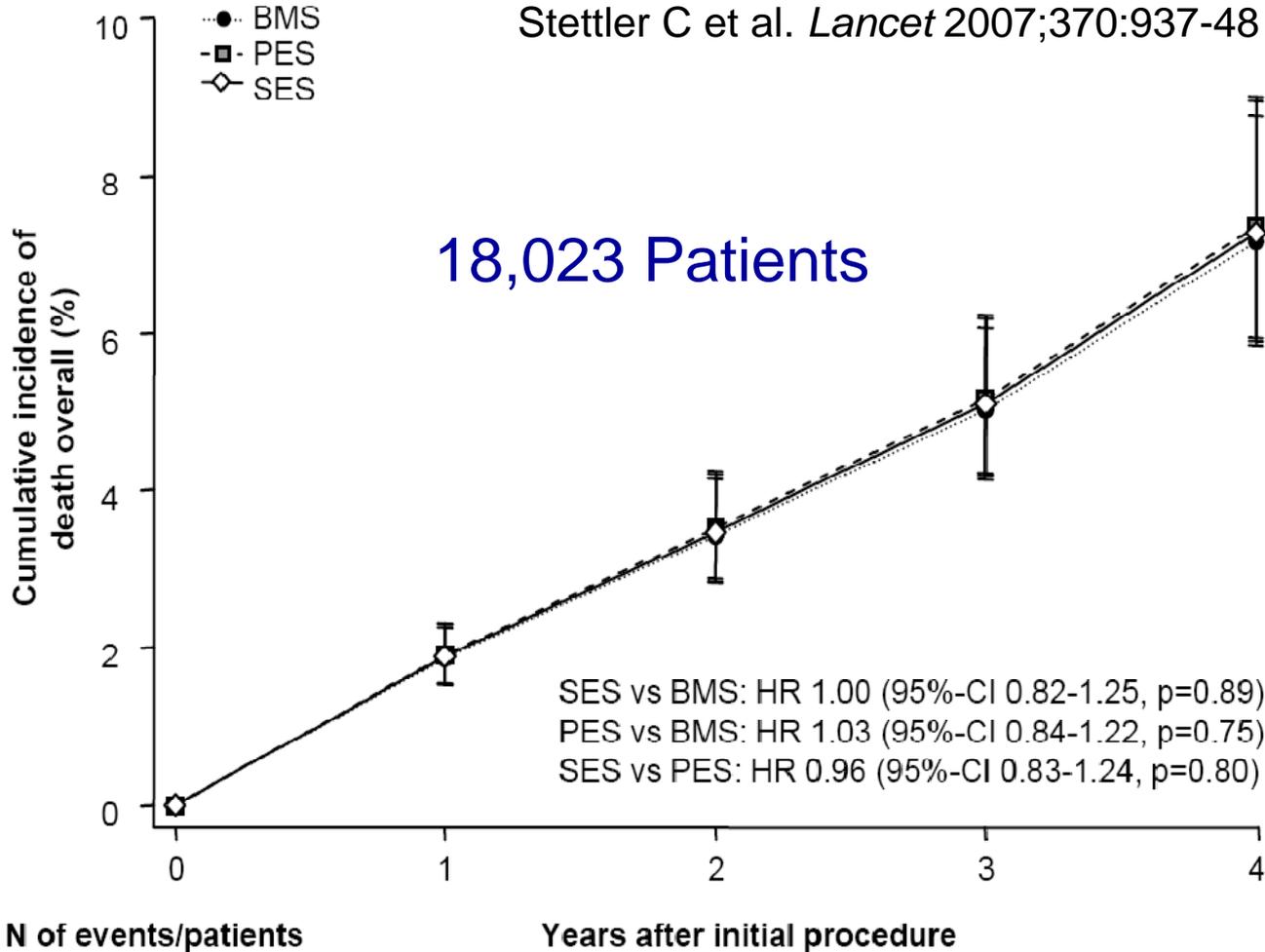
DES Safety

- Ischemic endpoints
- Stent thrombosis
- Endothelial function

# All Cause Mortality - Network Meta-Analysis

## SES vs PES vs BMS

Stettler C et al. *Lancet* 2007;370:937-48



**38 RCTs comparing  
DES with BMS**

**Off-label: 19 trials  
with 9,881 pts**

**On-label: 19 trials  
with 8,142 pts**

	0	1	2	3	4
<b>N of events/patients</b>					
BMS	4921	109/4904	48/3340	31/2264	44/1875
PES	6331	138/6283	78/4263	32/2187	15/869
SES	6771	139/6730	72/4041	38/2340	24/1081

# Zotarolimus-Eluting Stent (Endeavor)

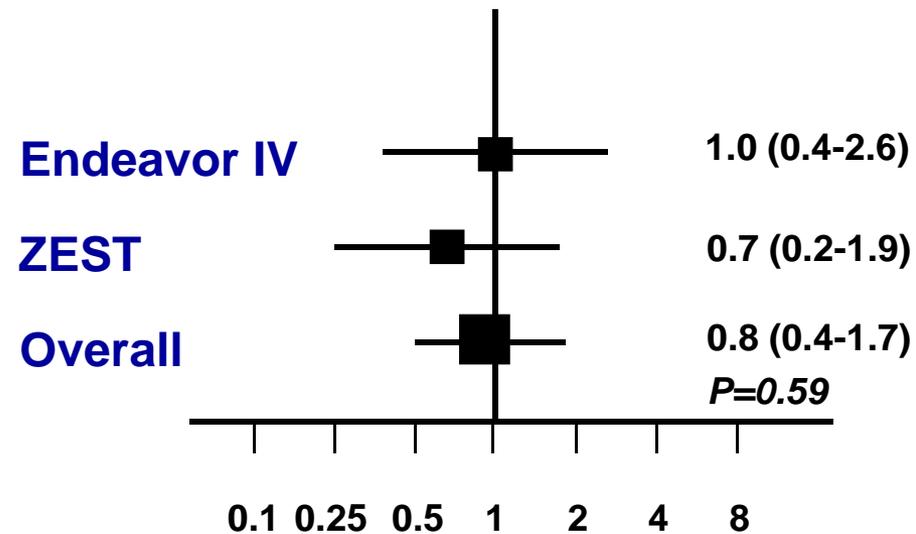
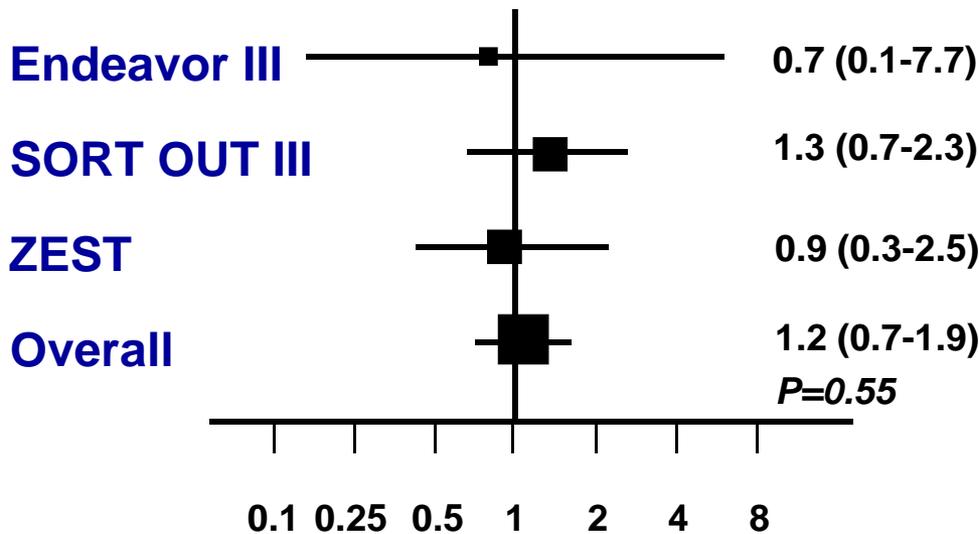
## All Cause Death @ 9-12 Mo

### ZES versus SES

### ZES versus PES

Relative Risk (95% CI)

Relative Risk (95% CI)



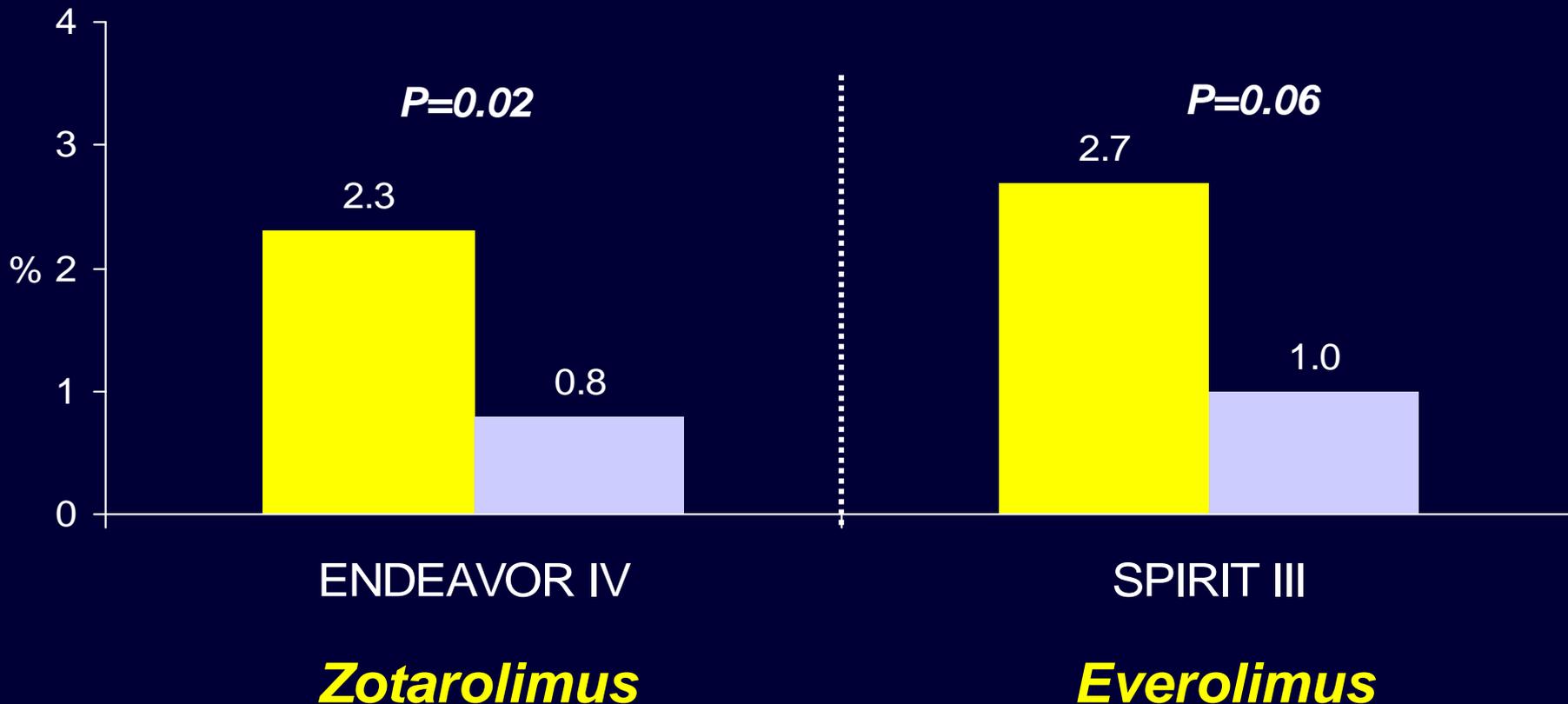
Favors ZES    Favors SES

Favors ZES    Favors PES

# Comparison of Early Clinical Outcome Between First and Newer Generation DES

## *Rates of Myocardial Infarction @ 30 Days*

■ First Generation DES (TAXUS) ■ New Generation DES



# Frequency and Sequelae of Sidebranch Occlusion

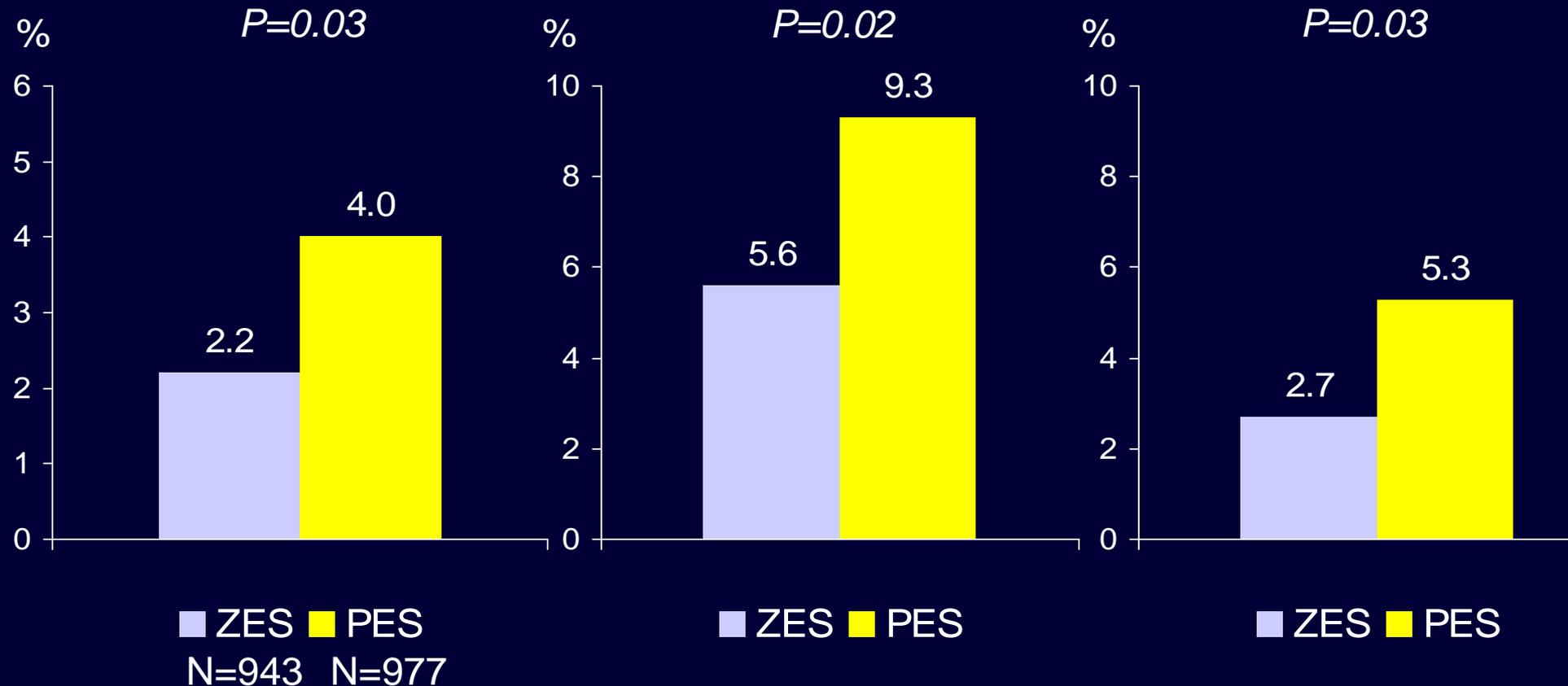
## Angiographic Analysis of Endeavor IV (ZES vs PES)

Popma J et al. ACC/SCAI 2008

*Frequency of SB Occlusion*

*Periprocedural MI, CK>2xULN*

*Periprocedural MI, CK>3xULN*



# Zotarolimus-Eluting Stent (Endeavor)

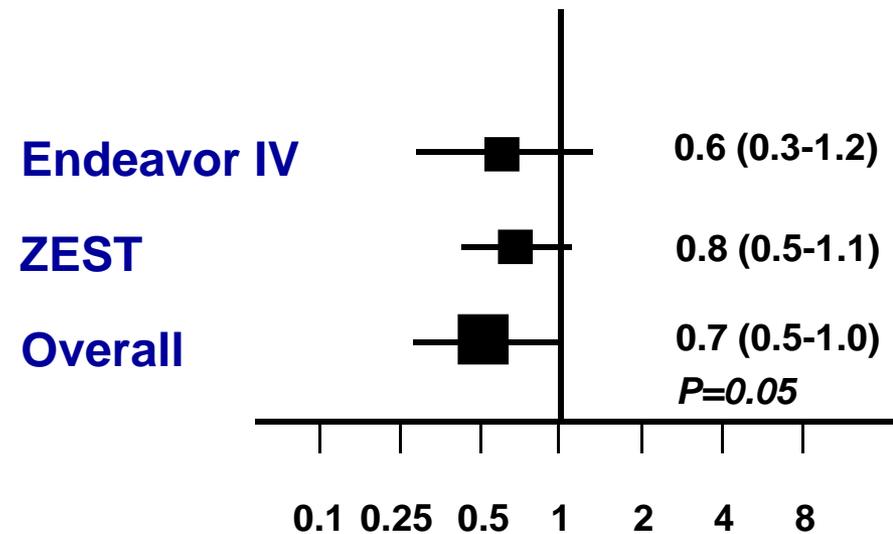
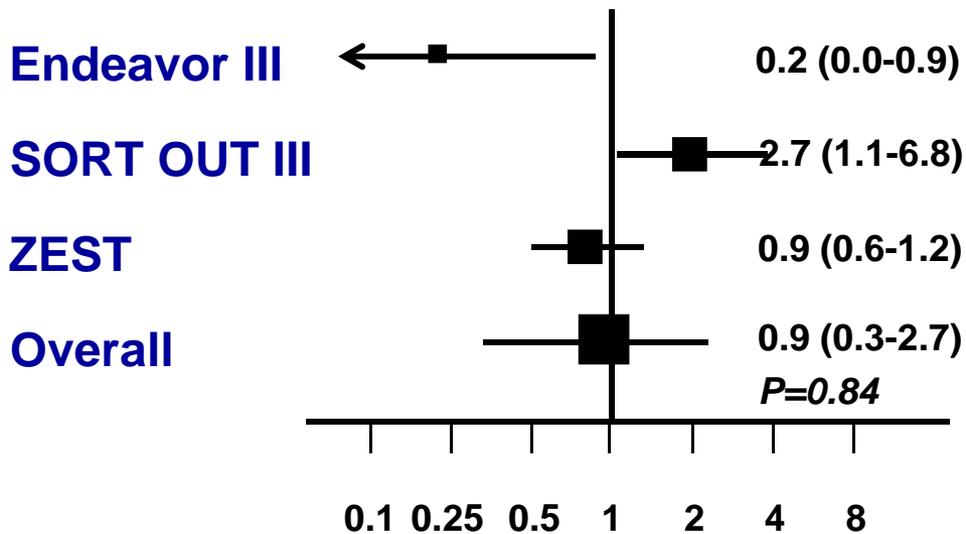
## Myocardial Infarction @ 9-12 Months

**ZES versus SES**

**ZES versus PES**

Relative Risk (95% CI)

Relative Risk (95% CI)



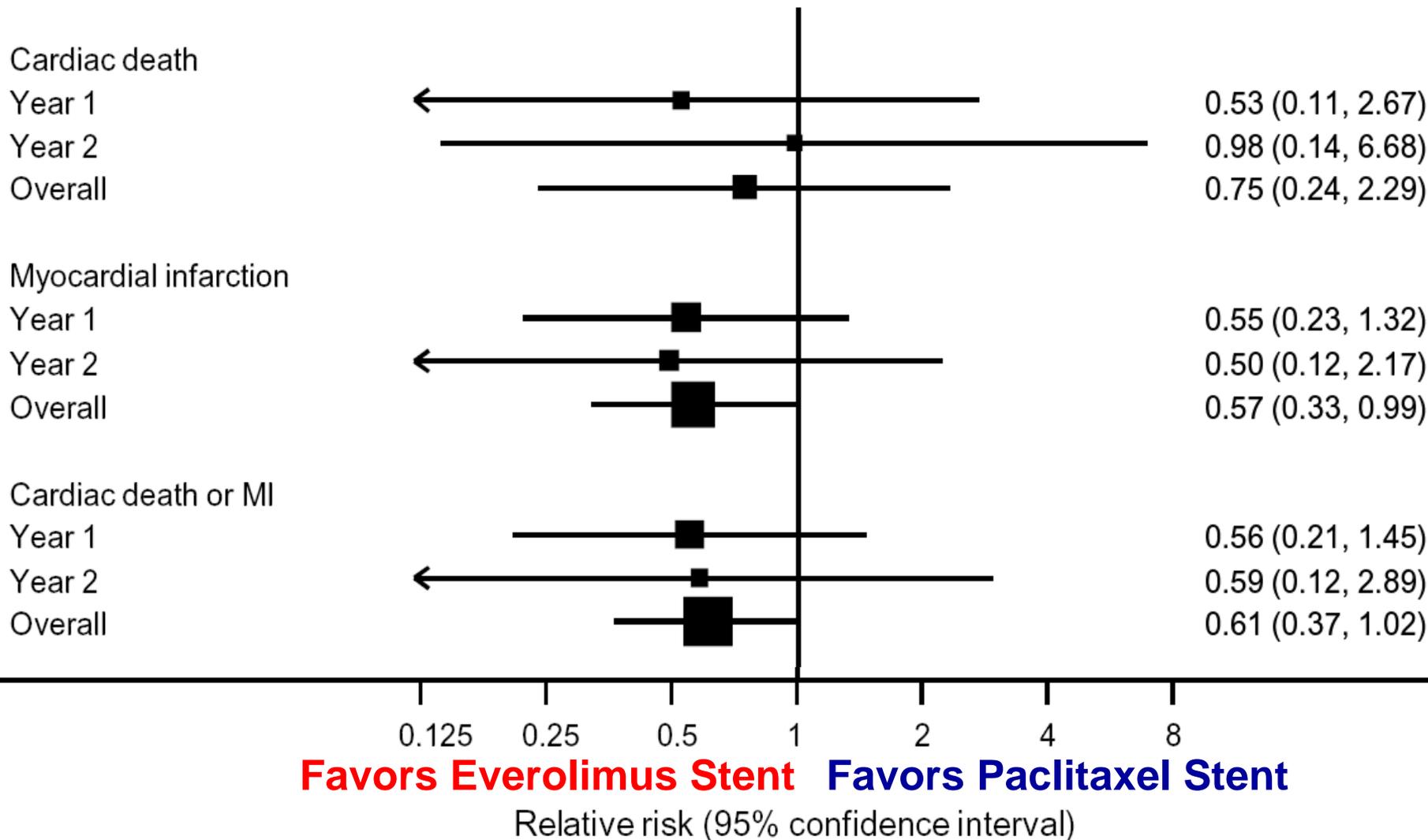
**Favors ZES**   **Favors SES**

**Favors ZES**   **Favors PES**

# Comparison of Everolimus-Eluting and Paclitaxel-Eluting Stents

## Meta-Analysis of SPIRIT II and III

Windecker, Juni. *Circulation* 2009;119:653-6



# Are There Meaningful Differences Among FDA-Approved Drug-Eluting Stents

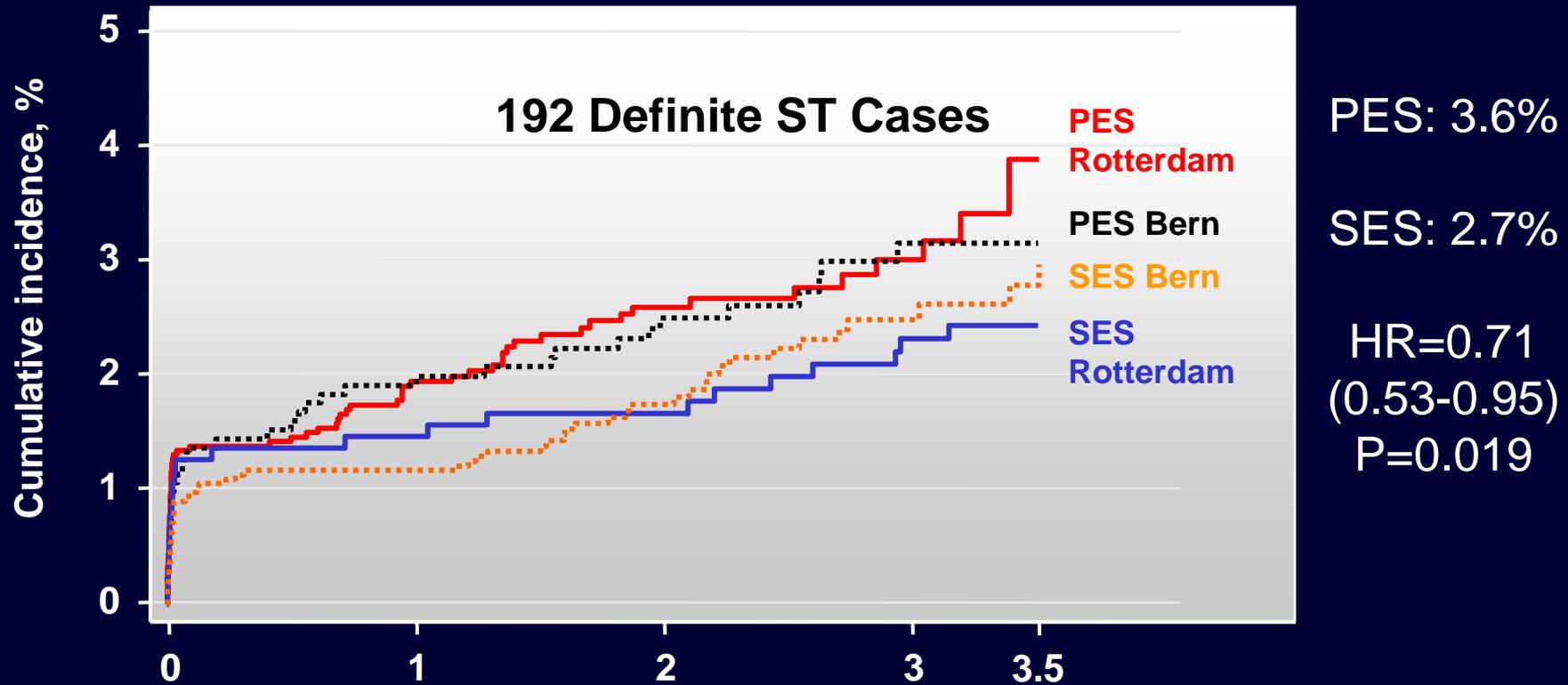
DES Efficacy

DES Safety

- Ischemic endpoints
- Stent thrombosis
- Endothelial function

# Definite Stent Thrombosis and Stent Type Bern - Rotterdam Cohort Study

Wenaweser P et al. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2008

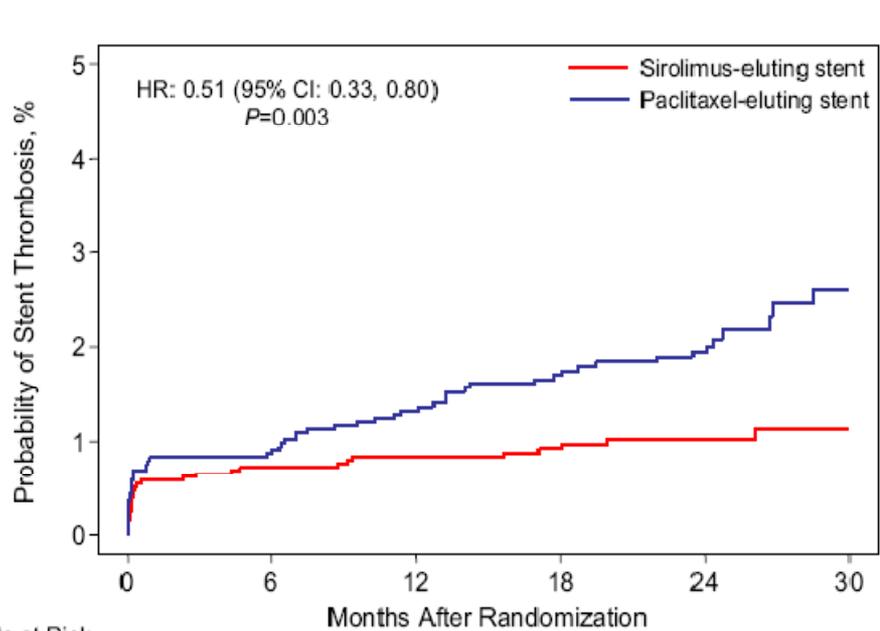


Months	1	12	24	36	42
Cumulative incidence SES, %	1.0	1.2	1.7	2.4	2.7
Cumulative incidence PES, %	1.3	1.9	2.5	3.1	3.6

# Risk of Stent Thrombosis: SES vs PES

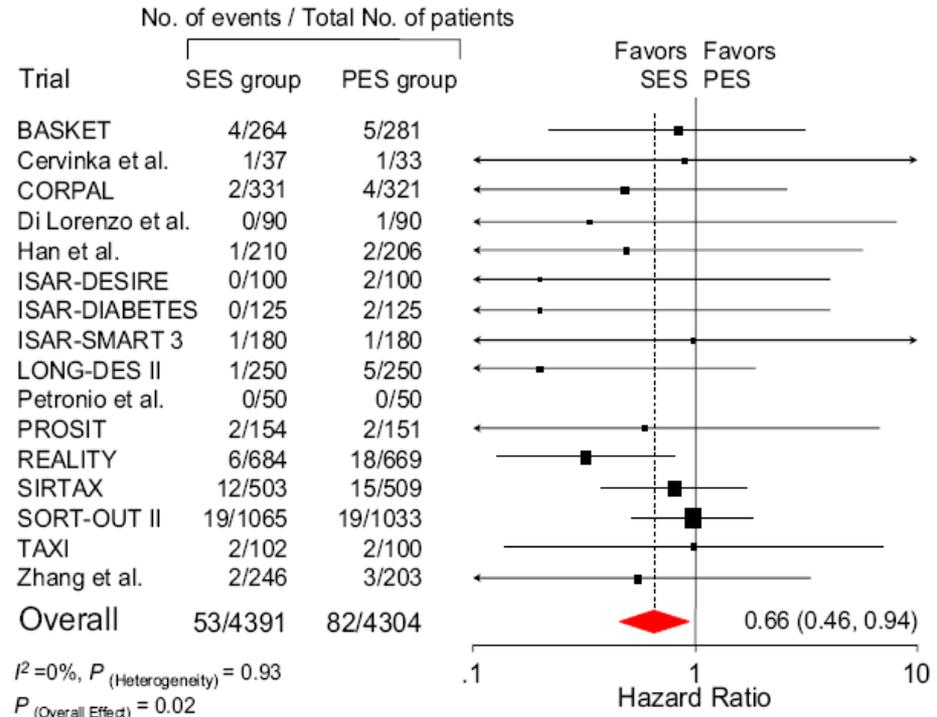
Kastrati et al. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2007

## 16 Head-to-Head RCTs - 8,695 Patients



Patients at Risk

	0	6	12	18	24	30
SES	2783	2718	2546	2266	1752	676
PES	2779	2687	2526	2224	1693	632



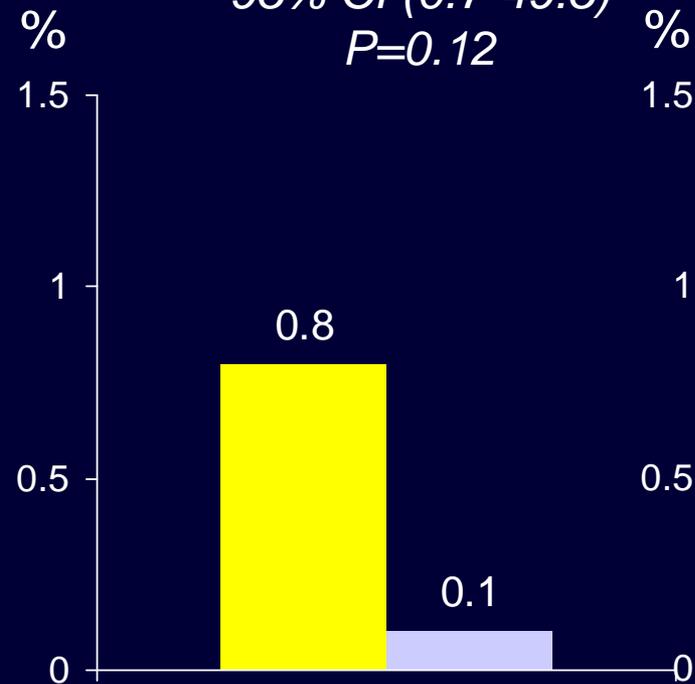
135 ST Cases

# ZEST Trial – Definite Stent Thrombosis

## Early and Late Definite ST $\leq$ 12 Months

### Endeavor IV

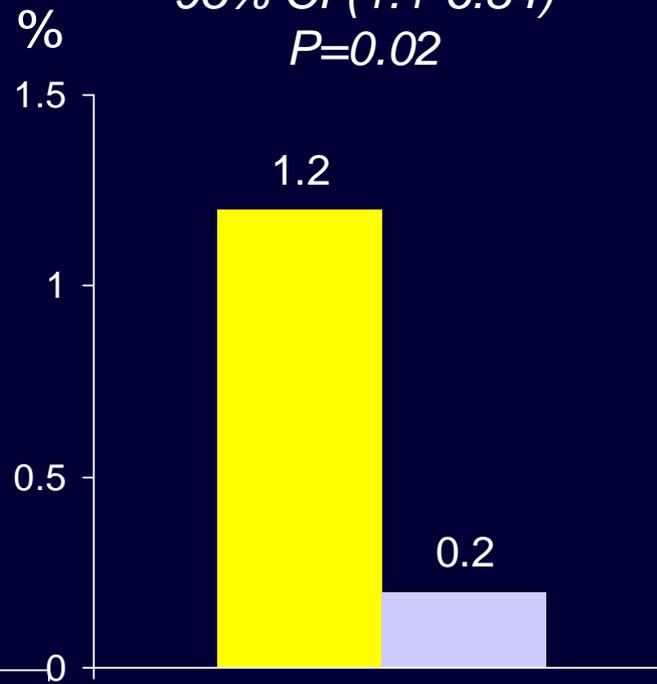
RR=5.98  
95% CI (0.7-49.5)  
P=0.12



■ ZES ■ PES  
N=749 N=741

### SORT OUT III

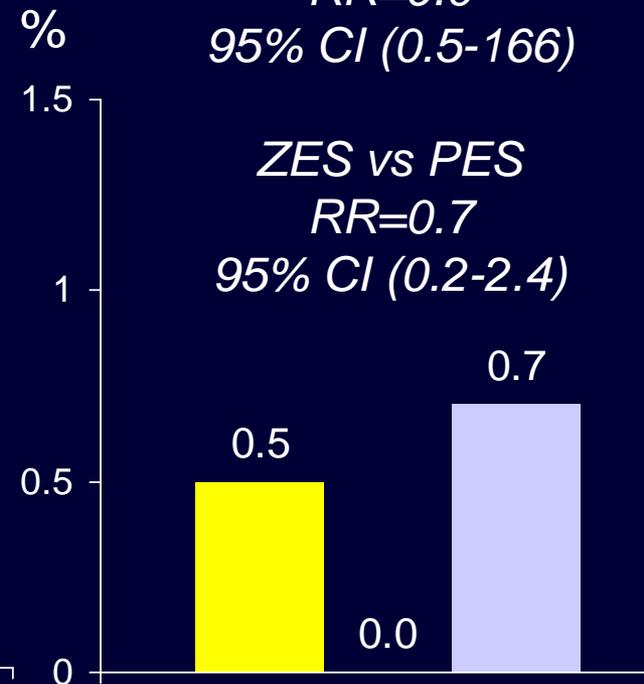
RR=2.69  
95% CI (1.1-6.84)  
P=0.02



■ ZES ■ SES  
N=1162 N=1171

### ZEST

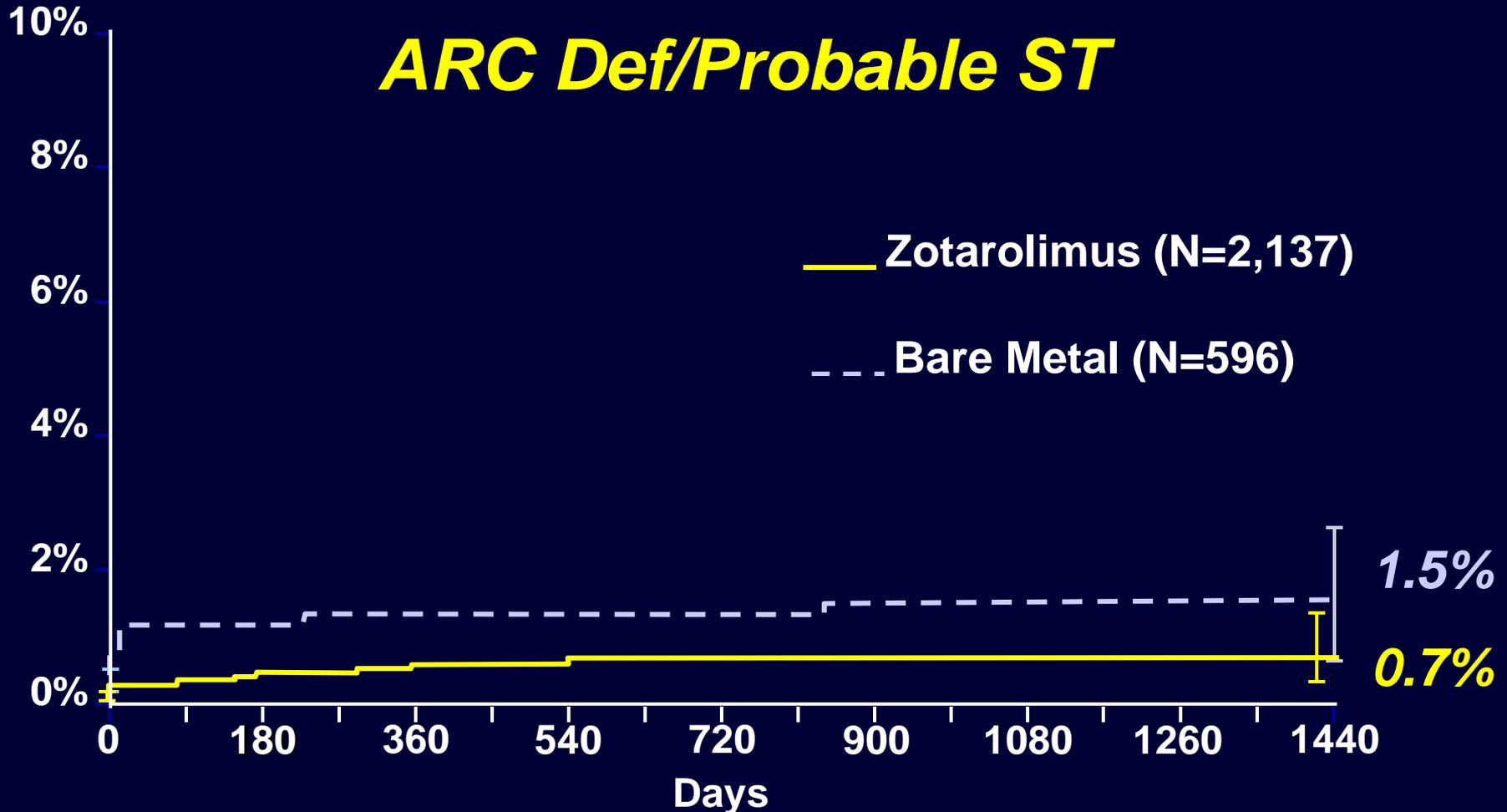
ZES vs SES  
RR=9.0  
95% CI (0.5-166)



ZES vs PES  
RR=0.7  
95% CI (0.2-2.4)

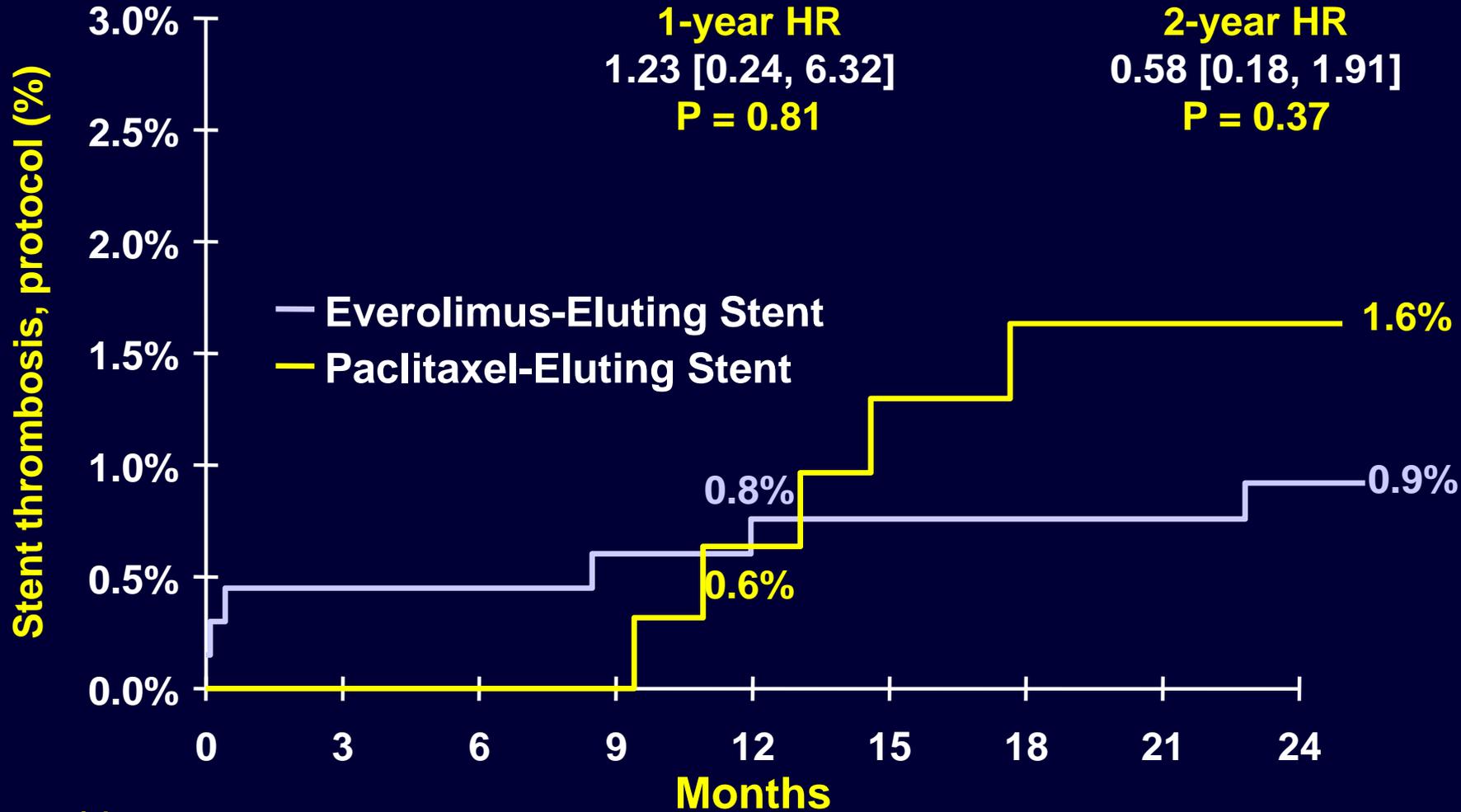
■ ZES ■ SES ■ PES  
N=883 N=878 N=884

# Stent Thrombosis Pooled ZES versus BMS



# SPIRIT III: Stent Thrombosis – Per Protocol

Stone G et al. *Circulation* 2009



**Number at risk**

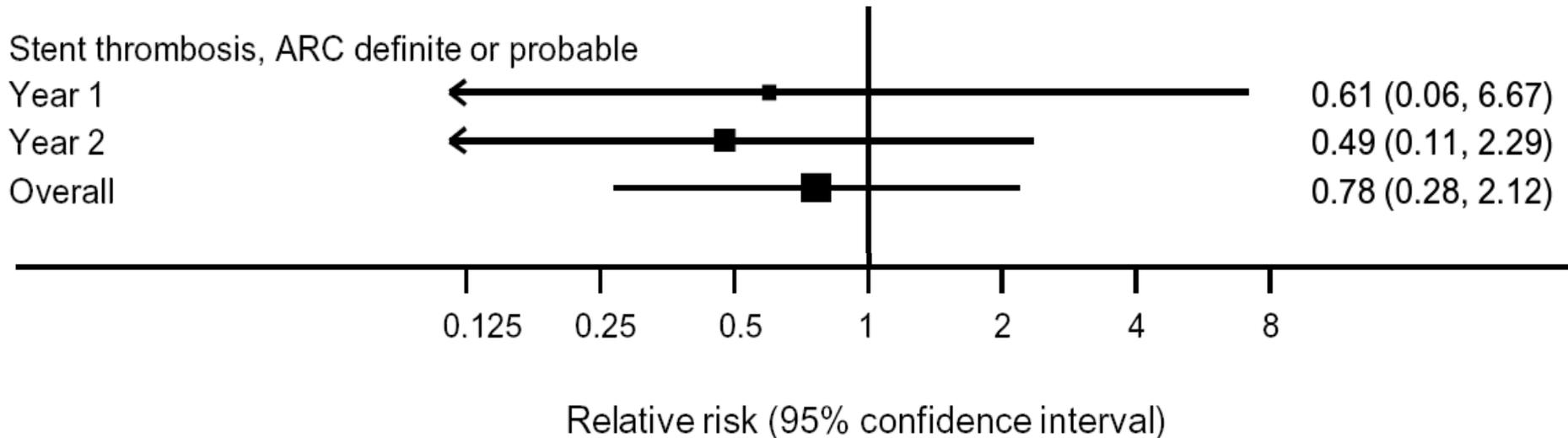
EES	669	661	658	650	642	627	627	624	619
PES	332	325	324	317	313	300	298	298	296

# Comparison of Everolimus-Eluting and Paclitaxel-Eluting Stents

## **Meta-Analysis of SPIRIT II and III**

Windecker, Juni. *Circulation* 2009;119:653-6

### **Definite or Probable Stent Thrombosis**



**Favors Everolimus  
Eluting Stent**

**Favors Paclitaxel  
Eluting Stent**

# Are There Meaningful Differences Among FDA-Approved Drug-Eluting Stents

DES Efficacy

DES Safety

- Ischemic endpoints
- Stent thrombosis
- Endothelial function

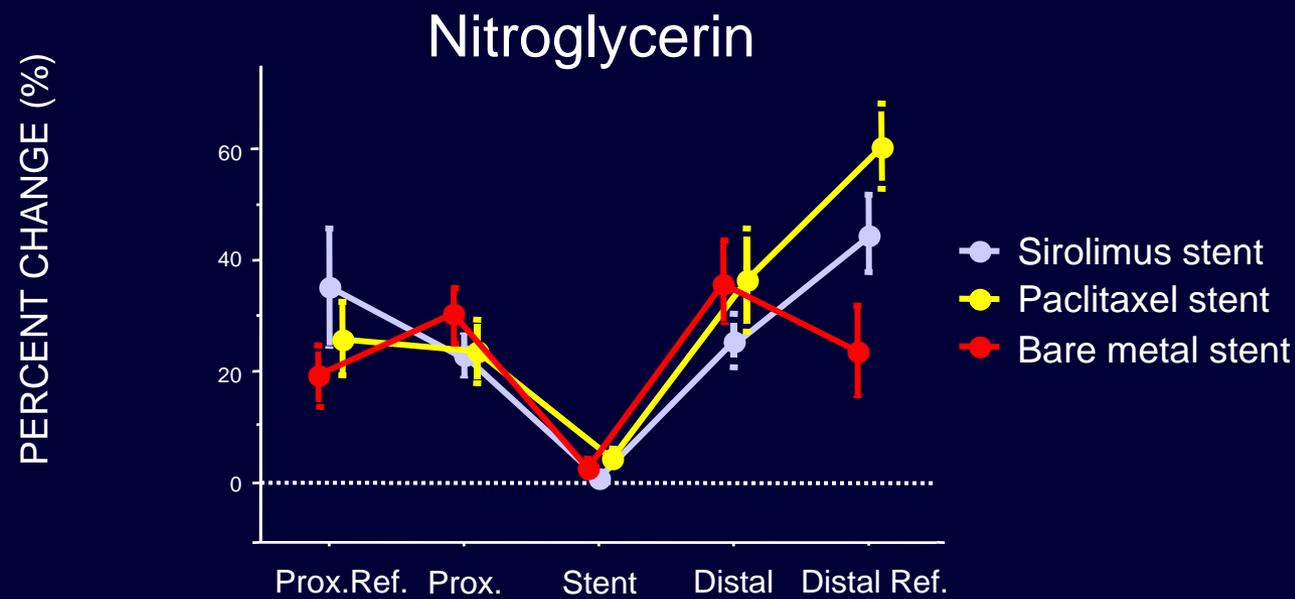
# Sirolimus-Eluting Stents Associated With Impaired Exercise Induced Coronary Vasomotion

Togni M et al.  
*JACC* 2005;46:231-6



# Paclitaxel-Eluting Stents Associated With Impaired Exercise Induced Coronary Vasomotion

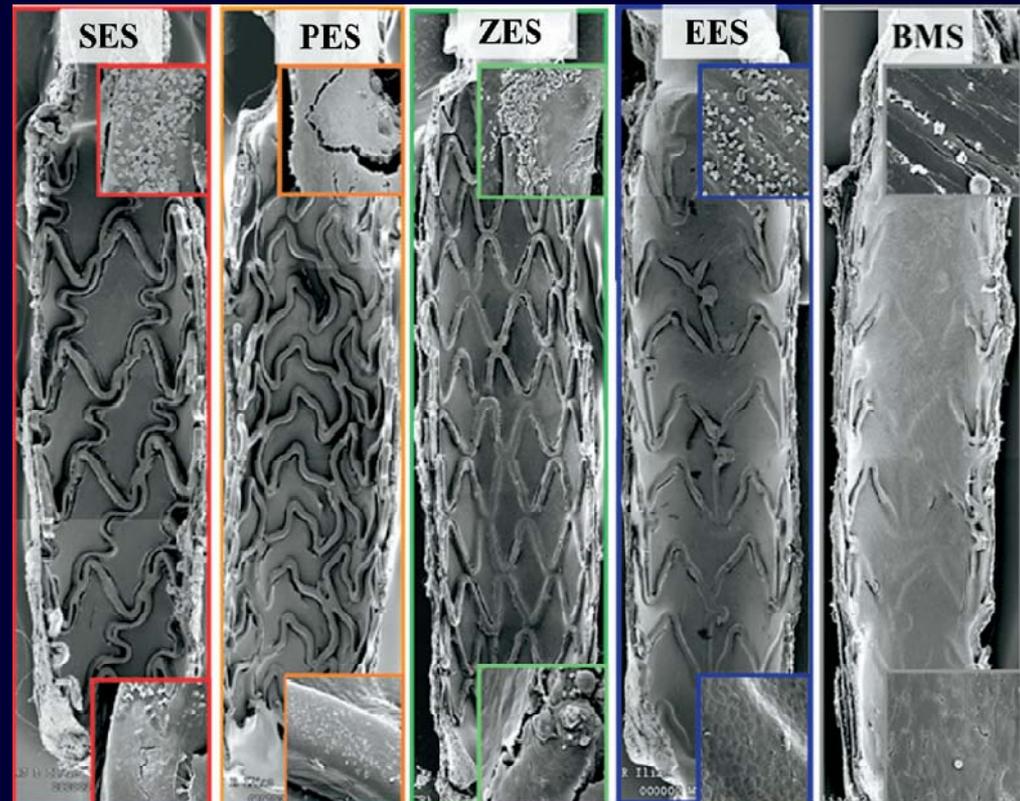
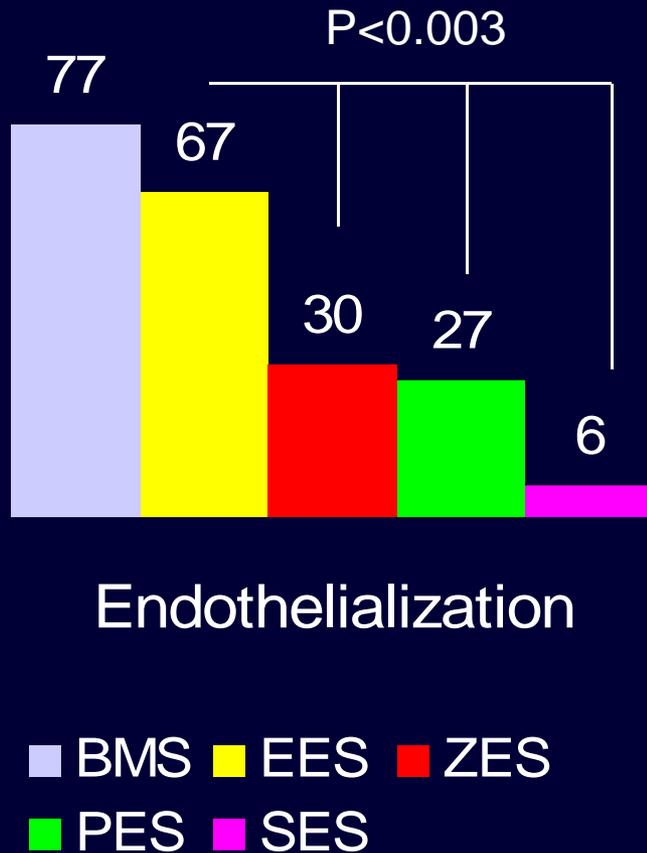
Togni M et al.  
*Int J Cardiol* 2007;120:212-20



# Comparison of Endothelial Recovery Between Different Drug-Eluting Stents

Joner M et al. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2008;52:333-42

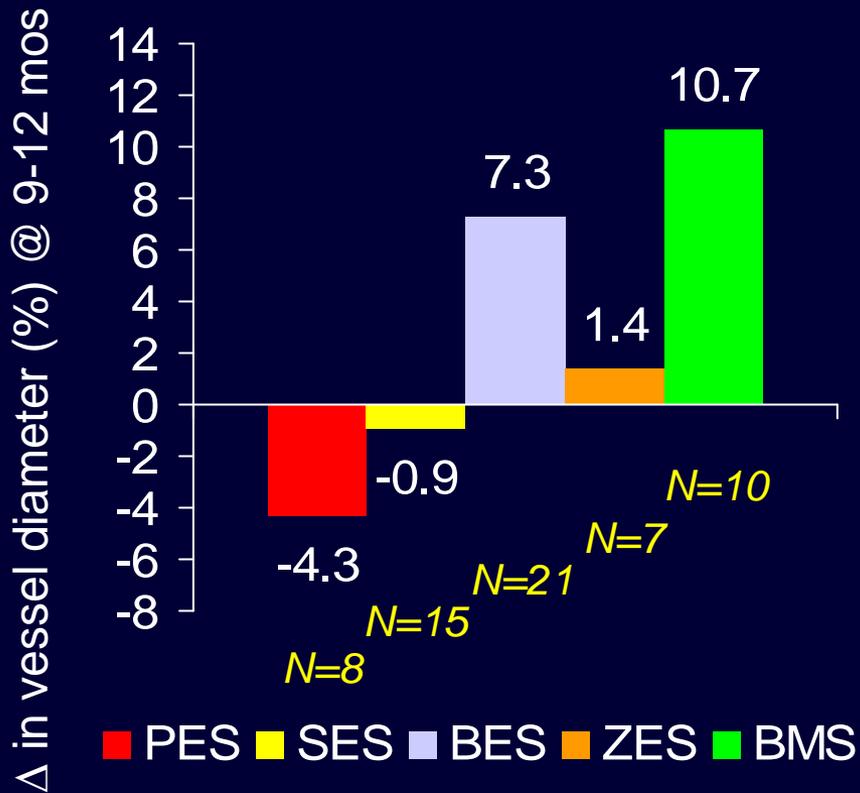
## Rabbit Iliac Artery Model: SEM at 14 Days



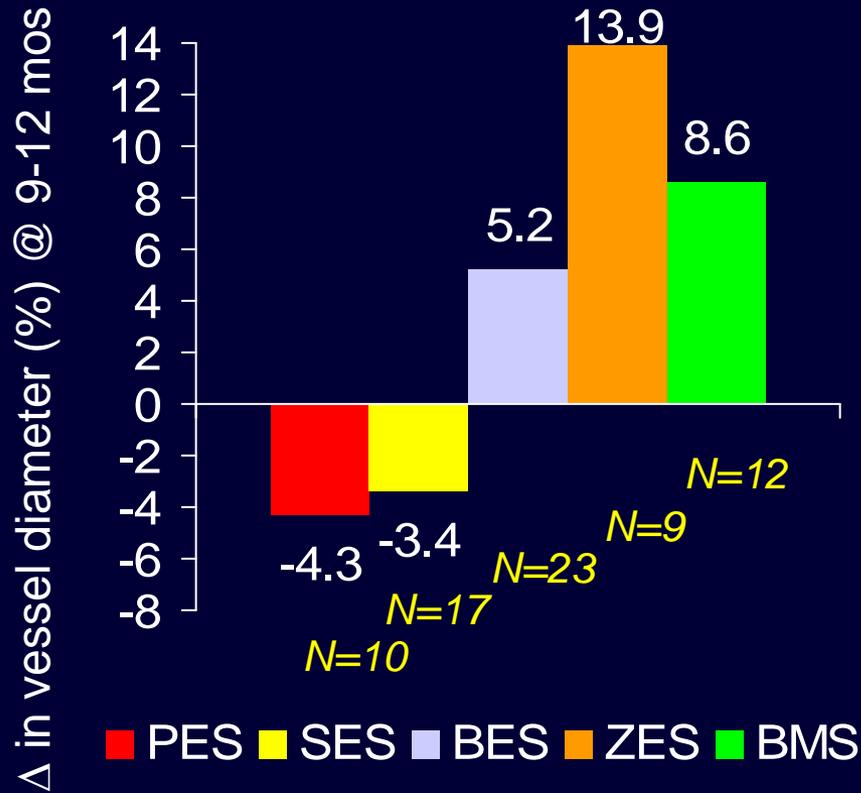
# Comparison of Coronary Vasomotion Between Various Drug-Eluting and Bare Metal Stents

Hamilos MI et al. *Circulation Cardiovasc Intervention* 2009

## Proximal Segment

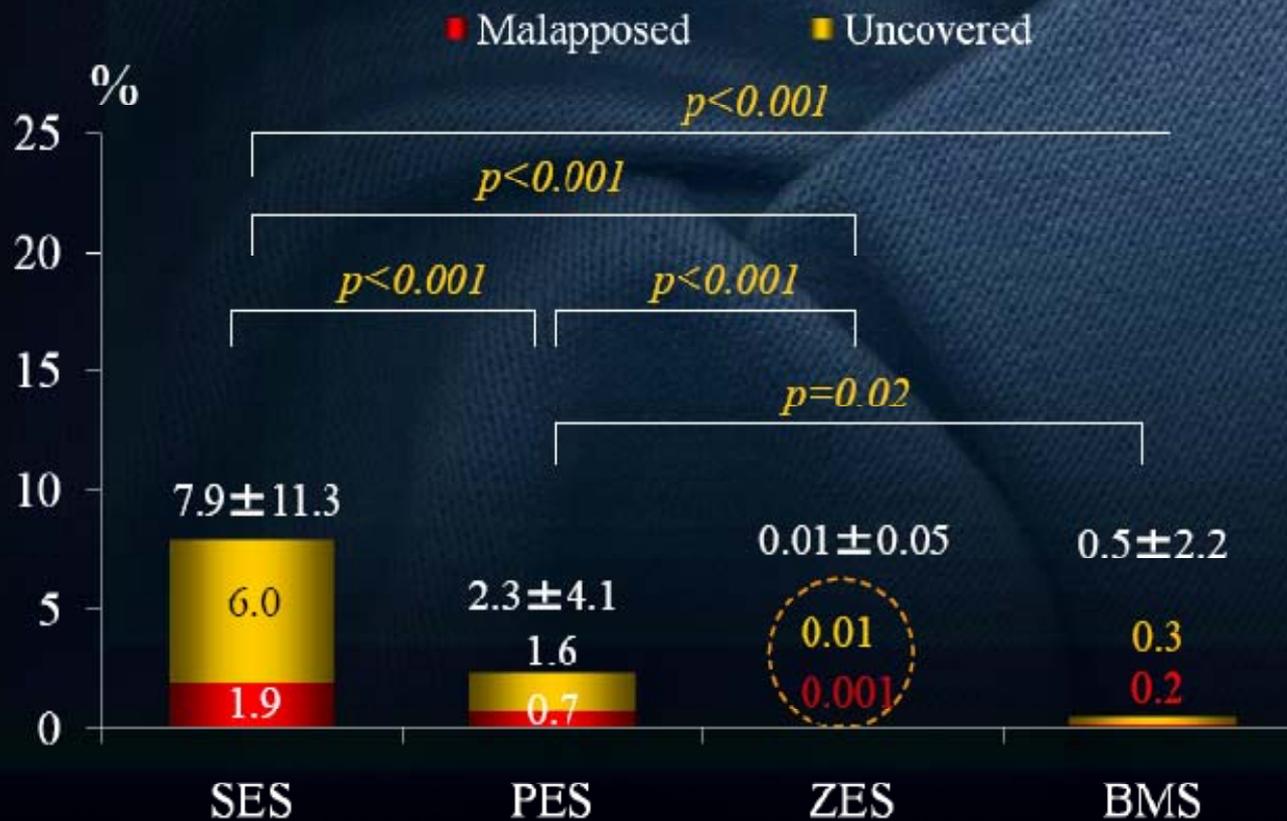


## Distal Segment



# ODESSA Non-overlap

## Proportion of uncovered and/or malapposed struts by stent type

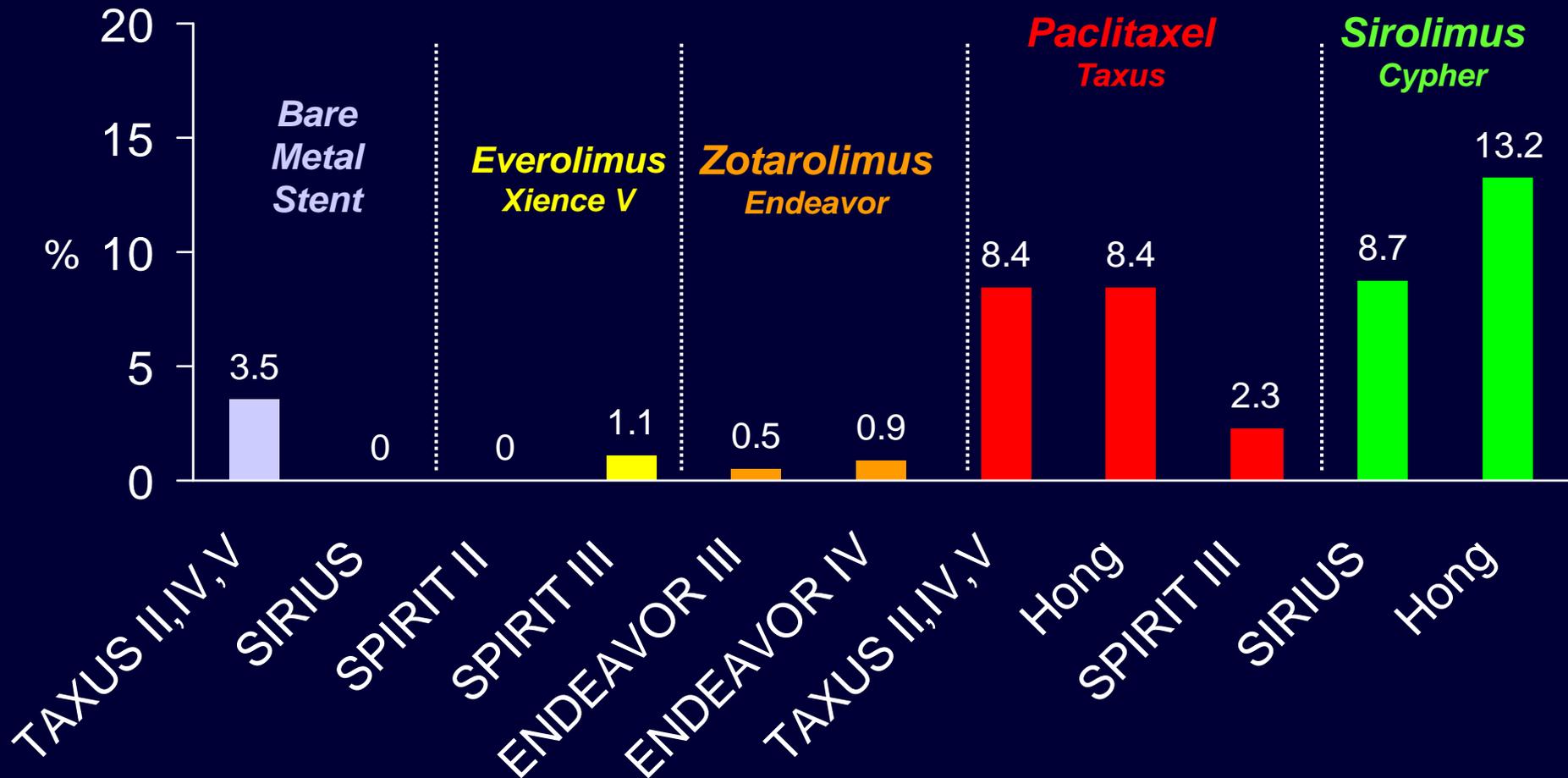


# Late Acquired Stent Malapposition

Shah V et al. *Circulation* 2002;106:1753-55; Ako J et al. *JACC* 2005;46:1002-5

Mintz G et al. *JACC* 2006;48:421-9; Hong MK et al. *Circulation* 2006;113:414-19

Sakurai R et al. *Am J Card* 2007;100:818-23; Miyazawa A et al. *Am Heart J* 2008;155:108-13



# There Are Meaningful Differences Among FDA-Approved Drug-Eluting Stents !

- Newer generation DES (ZES and EES) are associated with a lower rate of peri-procedural MI
- Newer generation DES (ZES and EES) are associated with a lower rate of MI up to 2 years compared with PES
- The risk of very late stent thrombosis with newer generation DES cannot be determined due to limited follow-up and underpowered studies
- Surrogate markers of safety have improved with newer generation DES (ZES and EES)
  - Improved strut coverage
  - Improved endothelial function
  - Lower rate of stent malapposition